

# OSDelete Statement

## Description

Deletes an operating system file.

## Syntax

**OSDelete** *file*

## Parameters

The OSDelete statement has the following parameters.

Parameter	Description
<i>file</i>	The name of the operating system file (including drive or directory path, filename, and extension) to be deleted.

## Returns

After the execution of an OSDelete statement, the Status() of the delete is returned with one of the following codes:

Value	Meaning
0	No error.
1	Bad OS filename.
2	Access denied by operating system.
3	Disk or directory full.
4	File does not exist.
5	Unknown error.
6	Attempt to write to a read-only file.

**Note:** You should first close any file to be deleted. For more information, refer to [OSClose](#).

## See Also

[OSBRead](#), [OSBWrite](#), [OSClose](#), [OSOpen](#), [OSRead](#), [OSWrite](#)

## Example

```
/* Delete an operating system file */

filename = "c:\temp\my_data.txt"
OSDelete filename
errCode = status()
```