

Rename_Table Subroutine

Description

Changes the name of an attached table.

Syntax

`Rename_Table(OrigTableName, database, NewTableName, LockFlag, Status)`

Parameters

The Rename_Table subroutine has the following parameters.

Parameter	Description
<code>OrigTableName</code>	Specifies the name of the table to rename. To rename just the dictionary portion of a table, specify DICT.tablename . Specify DATA.tablename to rename the data portion only. Note: If running on a network system, other users must re-attached the renamed table before they can recognize it under its new name. Note: If you do not specify either DICT or DATA, the subroutine renames both the dictionary and the data files.
<code>database</code>	Specifies the target database for the rename process. If database is null, the table is renamed in the database where tablename exists.
<code>NewTableName</code>	Specifies the new table name.
<code>Lockflag</code>	If true (1), lock the table during the rename process.
<code>Status</code>	If true (1) on return, then the table was renamed successfully. Note that while this does indicate success or failure, the Get_Status() function is the preferred method for obtaining status information.

See also

[Delete_Index](#), [Get_Status](#), [Attach_Table](#), [Alias_Table](#), [Copy_Table](#)

Example

```
/* Renames the CUST table, in the current database, to CUST_BACKUP, locking the table during the rename
process */
OldTableName = 'CUST'
NewTableName = 'CUST_BACKUP'
dbID = @DBID
LockFlag = 1
Status = ''
call Rename_Table( OldTableName, dbID, NewTableName, LockFlag, Status )
```